Worldwide Coverage: Optics, Lasers, Imaging, Fiber Optics, Electro-Optics, Photonic Component Manufacturing

PHOTONICS

SPELTRA:

A Laurin Publication

January 2003

the
PHOTONICS
CIRCLE of
EXCELLENCE
AWARD

2002

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the PHOTONICS CIRCLE of EXCELLENCE AWARD

The Photonics Circle of Excellence Awards

Honoring the Year's Most Innovative Products

SPECIAL REPORTS

GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FORECAST

MINI-MAGAZINE Imaging: Scientific & Industrial

49 years

LAURIN PUBLISHING 2002 PHOTONICS AWARDS

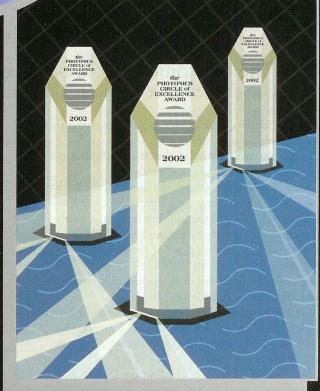


Distinction in Photonics

Honoring Individual Achievement

Photonics Circle of Excellence

Recognizing the Industry's Best New Products

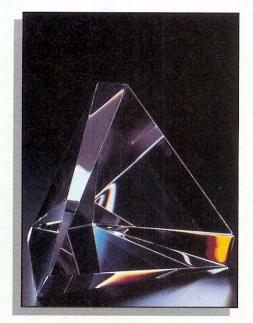


LAURIN PUBLISHING

2002 PHOTONICS AWARDS

The Distinction in Photonics Award:

Honoring Individual Achievement



The Distinction in Photonics Award honors those individuals whose dedicated service over the years has contributed to the growth and prosperity of the photonics industry.

The publishers and editors at Laurin Publishing are pleased to present the 2002 Distinction in Photonics Award to:

Michael Fitzpatrick

and

Hank Gauthier

who, through tireless devotion to their companies, employees and industry associations, have furthered the cause of the photonics industry.

The Photonics Circle of Excellence Awards:

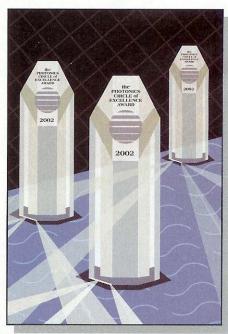
Recognizing the 25 Most Technically Innovative New Products of the Year

Now in their 15th year, these annual awards have recognized the enterprising companies and individuals who have refused to accept the status quo and have instead pushed the limits of technology to develop new photonic products and processes.

This year's 25 winning products, described on the following pages, were chosen from among the hundreds of entries submitted from around the world. They have survived the toughest scrutiny: judgment by the members of *Photonics Spectra's* Editorial Advisory Board — a panel of recognized experts in a variety of disciplines.

To be eligible, products had to be commercially available between June 1, 2001, and May 31, 2002.

The ceremony honoring this year's Distinction in Photonics and Circle of Excellence award winners will take place Jan. 27 in San Jose, Calif., at the Fairmont Hotel, concurrently with Photonics West.



The 2002 Circle of Excellence Award Winners

Agilent Technologies Inc. 86107A Precision Timebase Reference Module

Lightwave Div.

Alcatel Optronics

1910 TWV Multiplexer

Calient Networks DiamondWave Photonic Switching System

Coherent Inc. Chameleon Laser

Crystal Fibre A/S Nonlinear Photonic Crystal Fiber

Eastman Kodak Co. KAF-3200ME Image Sensor Image Sensor Solutions

Farfield Sensors Ltd. AnaLight Bio200 Scientific Sensor

FLIR Systems ThermaCam E2 Infrared Camera

Given Imaging Ltd. M2A Video Capsule

Honeywell Stabilaze VCSEL Arrays

IMRA America Inc. GX Pulsar Laser Source

Lightbit Corp. BandXChange Optical Processor

MPB Communications Inc. Super Raman Fibre Laser

OFS RightWave Tunable Dispersion Compensator

Specialty Photonics Div.

Point Source iFlex-2000 Violet Laser System

Positive Light Inc. Indigo-DUV Laser Source

Renishaw plc NSOM/AFM-100 Confocal/RM Series

Raman Microscope

Roper Scientific Inc. Photometrics Cascade Digital Camera

Sabeus Photonics Inc. Cold Writing Sensor Technology

Santur Corp. TL1010-C Widely Tunable Laser Source

Spectra-Physics Hippo Industrial Laser

Sumita Optical Glass Inc. K-PG325 Super Vidron Optical Glass

3M UV Reflection Filters

Film and Light Management

3M Pulse Compressor

Optical Components

Toshiba America Electronic TLWA1100 White LED Components Inc.

The 2002 Photonics Circle of Excellence Award Winners

MPB Communications Inc.

• Super Raman Fiber Laser •



The Super Raman Fiber Laser from Montreal-based MPB Communications Inc. is a pump source that provides distributed Raman amplification in transmission spans of telecommunications systems via third-order cascaded Raman pumping. Third-order cascaded Raman amplification of C-band signals requires launching high power at 1276 nm, the third-order pump wavelength, and low seed powers at about 1356 and 1455 nm, the intermediate and final pump wavelengths.

The 1276-nm power produces high Raman gain for the 1356-nm seed radiation, leading to the generation of high power at 1356 nm. Similarly, the 1455-nm seed power is amplified by the

Raman gain produced by the 1356nm power. With each cascade, the peak power at the converted wavelength occurs farther out in the span; thus, cascaded pumping improves the amplifier noise figure.

At the heart of each Super Raman module is a Raman fiber laser that consists of an Yb-doped double-clad fiber laser and a phosphorous-doped-fiber Raman converter. The large phosphorous Raman shift allows the 1093-nm Yb laser output to be converted to the desired third-order Raman pump wavelength in a single conversion.

To provide seed powers at the intermediate and final wavelengths, high-reflectivity fiber gratings at 1356 and 1455 nm carry the 1276-nm pump power out of the span. The transmission fiber acts as a double-pass amplifier for the spontaneous Raman emission at each wavelength, with the feedback at the far end provided by a distributed Rayleigh scattering mirror.

OFS Specialty Photonics Div.

• RightWave Tunable Dispersion Compensator •

The RightWave tunable dispersion-compensating module enables transmission systems to operate at ultrahigh data rates of 40 Gb/s. Its manufacturer, OFS, Specialty Photonics Div. of Somerset, N.J., says that the module eliminates the adverse effects of the time-dependent temporal broadening of optical signals caused by chromatic dispersion.

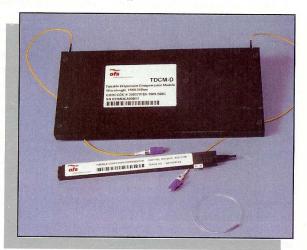
A specially designed fiber Bragg diffraction grating, coupled to a tapered thin-film microheater, comes in an isothermal package that protects it from air currents, changes in ambient temperature and other effects that could alter the thermal gradient established by the microheater.

RightWave's design enables a wide dispersion tuning range in a compact, low-loss, low-power, all-fiber device. Its primary use is to

compensate for variations in the chromatic dispersion of optical links, which would otherwise limit the length of the link and/or the transmission rate. The device also may be used in nonlinear fiber devices as a temporal-pulsecompressing element.

RightWave

has no moving parts, and its low thermal mass makes for efficient operation. The high surface-areato-volume ratio of the microheater leads to a high rate of passive cool-



ing, so that the tuning speed is sufficient to compensate for fluctuations in network dispersion.